Class: 11

Subject: Mathematics

As the regular teaching – learning in schools, during the session 2020-21, has widely been affected due to the Covid – 19 pandemic, the subject experts committee, after due consideration, has recommended to reduce the syllabus by 30% in the following manner:

Almost 30% reduced syllabus :-

Unit-I Sets and functions

- 1. Sets- Difference of sets, complement of a set
- 2. Relations and functions- Cartesian product of the set of reals with itself (R X R X R), Sum, Difference, Product and Quotients of functions.
- 3. Trigonometric functions- General solution of trigonometric equations of the type

Sin y = Sin a, Cos y = Cos a and Tan y = Tan a.

Unit-II Algebra

- 1. Principle of Mathematical Induction- Process of the proof by induction, motivating the application of the method by looking at natural numbers as the least inductive subset of real numbers. The Principle of mathematical induction and Simple applications.
- 2. Complex Numbers and Quadratic Equations -

Polar representation of complex numbers.

- 5. Binomial TheoremHistory, Statement and Proof of the binomial theorem for positive integral indices, Pascal's triangle, General and middle term in binomial expansion, simple applications.
- 6. Sequence and Series- Formulae for the following special sums

Σk Σk <u>-</u>

Σk

Unit-III Co-ordinate Geometry

1. Straight Lines- Distance between two parallel lines.

Unit- V Mathematical Reasoning1. Mathematical Reasoning- Mathematically acceptable statements

connecting words/phrases- consolidating the understanding of " if and only if (necessary and sufficient) condition". "implies", "and/or", "implied by", " and", "or", "there exists" and their use through variety of examples related to real life and mathematics. Validating the statements involving the connecting words, difference among contradiction converse and contrapositive.

Unit- VI Statistics and Probability

1. Statistics- Analysis of frequency distributions with equal means but different variances.

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Only Paper

Time: 3 hours Marks: 100 Unit Name of Unit Marks I Sets and functions 29

II Algebra 37

III Co-ordinate Geometry 13

IV Calculas 09

V Statistics and Probability 12

Total 100

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Approximately -70% Syllabus

Unit-I: Sets and Functions 29 Marks

1. Sets

Sets and their representations, Empty set, Finite and Infinite sets, Equal sets, Subsets, Subsets of a set of real numbers especially intervals (with notations), Power set, Universal set, Venn diagrams, Union and Intersection of sets.

2. Relations & Functions

Ordered pairs, Cartesian product of sets, Number of elements in the Cartesian product of two finite sets.

Cartesian product of the set of real numbers with itself (upto R x R only), Definition of relation, pictorial diagrams, domain, co-domain and range of a relation.

Function as a special type of relation, Pictorial representation of a function, domain, co-domain and range of a function.

Real valued functions, domain and range of these functions, constant, identity, polynomial, rational, modulus, signum, exponential, logarithmic and greatest integer functions, with their graphs.

3. Trigonometric Functions

Positive and negative angles, Measuring angles in radians and in degrees and conversion from one measure to another.

Definition of trigonometric functions with the help of unit circle. Truth of the identity sin2

x + cos2

x = 1, for all x. Signs of trigonometric functions. Domain and range of trigonometric functions and their graphs. Expressing sin (x±y) and cos (x±y) in terms of sin x, sin y, cos x & cos y and their simple applications.

Deducing identities like the following:

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Identities related to sin2x, cos2x, tan2 x, sin3x, cos3x and tan3x.

Unit-II: Algebra 37 Marks

- 2. Complex Numbers and Quadratic Equations Need for complex numbers, especially $\sqrt{-1}$, to be motivated by inability to solve some of the quadratic equations. Algebraic properties of complex numbers. Argand plane. Statement of Fundamental Theorem of Algebra, solution of quadratic equations (with real coefficients) in the complex number system.
- 3. Linear inequalities

Linear inequalities, algebraic solutions of linear inequalities in one variable and their representation on the number line. Graphical solution of linear inequalities in two variables. Graphical method of finding a solution of system of linear inequalities in two variables.

4. Permutations and Combinations

Fundamental principle of counting. Factorial n. (n!) Permutations and combinations, derivation for Formulae for n

Pr

and nCr

and their connections.

simple applications.

6. Sequence and Series

Sequence and Series. Arithmetic Progression (A. P.). Arithmetic Mean (A.M.) Geometric Progression (G.P.), general term of a G.P., sum of n terms of a G.P., infinite G.P. and its sum, geometric mean (G.M.), relation between A.M. and G.M.

Unit-III: Coordinate Geometry 13 Marks

1. Straight Lines

Brief recall of two dimensional geometry from earlier classes. Shifting of origin. Slope of a line and angle between two lines. Various forms of equations of a line: parallel to axis, point -slope form, slope-intercept form, two-point form, intercept form and normal form. General equation of a line. Equation of family of lines passing through the point of intersection of two lines. Distance of a point from a line.

2. Conic Sections

Sections of a cone: circles, ellipse, parabola, hyperbola, a point, a straight line and a pair of intersecting lines as a degenerated case of a conic section. Standard equations and simple properties of parabola, ellipse and hyperbola. Standard equation of a circle.

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3. Introduction to Three-dimensional Geometry

Coordinate axes and coordinate planes in three dimensions. Coordinates of a point. Distance between two points and section formula.

Unit-IV: Calculus 09 Marks

1. Limits and Derivatives

Derivative introduced as rate of change both as that of distance function and geometrically. Intuitive idea of limit, Limits of polynomials and rational functions trigonometric, exponential and logarithmic functions. Definition of derivative relate it to slope of tangent of the curve, derivative of sum, difference, product and quotient of functions. Derivatives of polynomial and trigonometric functions.

Unit-V: Statistics and Probability 12 Marks

1. Statistics

Measures of Dispersion: Range, Mean deviation, variance and standard deviation of ungrouped/grouped data.

2. Probability

Random experiments; outcomes, sample spaces (set representation). Events; occurrence of events, 'not', 'and' and 'or' events, exhaustive events, mutually exclusive events, Axiomatic (set theoretic) probability, connections with other theories of earlier classes. Probability of an event, probability of 'not', 'and' and 'or' events.